

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method for constitutive and/or inducible gene knock down in a non-human vertebrate selected from the group consisting of mouse and fish, which comprises stably integrating by homologous recombination an expression vector into a polymerase II dependent locus of the genome of the non-human vertebrate, said expression vector comprising a short hairpin RNA (shRNA) construct under control of a ubiquitous promoter and homologous sequences which integrate through homologous recombination at a polymerase II dependent locus of the genome of the non-human vertebrate, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is selected from the group consisting of polymerase I, II and III dependent promoters.

2.-4. (Canceled)

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polymerase II dependent locus is selected from the group consisting of a Rosa26, collagen, RNA polymerase, actin and HPRT locus.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the expression vector further contains functional sequences selected from the group consisting of splice acceptor sequences, polyadenylation sites and selectable marker sequences.

7. (Canceled)

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is a polymerase II or III dependent promoter.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is selected from the group consisting of a CMV promoter, a CAGGS promoter, a snRNA promoter, a RNase P RNA promoter, a tRNA promoter, a 7SL RNA promoter, and a 5 S rRNA promoter.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is a constitutive promoter.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is an inducible promoter.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein the inducible promoter is a promoter containing an operator sequence selected from the group consisting of tet, Gal4, and lac.

13. (Canceled)

14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~13~~ 1, wherein said vertebrate is a mouse.

15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the expression vector is a Pol III dependent promoter driven shRNA construct to be integrated into a ubiquitously active Pol ~~III~~ II dependent locus.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the promoter is a constitutive H1 or U6 promoter.

17. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the promoter is an inducible U6 or H1 promoter.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the expression vector is a Pol II dependent promoter driven shRNA construct to be integrated into a ubiquitously active Pol II dependent locus.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the promoter is an inducible CMV promoter.

20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the shRNA comprises at least one DNA segment

A-B-C

wherein

A is a 15 to 35 bp DNA sequence with at least 95% complementarity to the gene to be knocked down;

B is a spacer DNA sequence having 5 to 9 bp forming the loop of the expressed RNA hair pin molecule, and

C is a 15 to 35 bp DNA sequence with at least 85% complementarity to the sequence A.

21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein A is a 19 to 29 bp DNA sequence.

22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the DNA sequence A has 100% complementarity to the gene to be knocked down.

23. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein C is a 19 to 29 bp DNA sequence.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the shRNA comprises a stop and/or polyadenylation sequence.

25. (Canceled)

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the method for constitutive and/or inducible gene knock down in a non-human vertebrate comprises integrating the expression vector into ES cells of the non-human vertebrate.

27. (Currently Amended) A non-human vertebrate selected from the group consisting of mouse and fish having stably integrated by homologous recombination at a polymerase II dependent locus of the non-human vertebrate an expression vector comprising a short hairpin RNA (shRNA) construct under control of a ubiquitous promoter and homologous sequences which integrate at a polymerase II dependent locus of the genome of the non-human vertebrate, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is selected from the group consisting of polymerase I, II and III dependent promoters.

28.-29. (Canceled)

30. (Currently Amended) An expression vector comprising a short hairpin RNA (shRNA) construct under control of a ubiquitous promoter and homologous sequences which integrate at a polymerase II dependent locus of the genome of a non-human vertebrate selected from the group consisting of mouse and fish, wherein the ubiquitous promoter is selected from the group consisting of polymerase I, II and III dependent promoters.